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Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	С	ross Section Geometry	
			First recommendation for light cutting of stainless steel Double sided chipbreaker. Stable chip control in light cutting range. Breaker with high rake angle provides excellent burr control.	Stainless Steel .157 .118 .079 .079 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 15° 20° Flank	
		SH	First recommendation for light cutting of carbon steel, alloy steel and stainless steel Double sided chipbreaker. Can be used at low depth of cuts and high feed rates. The curved edge allows smooth chip discharge. Recommended for workpieces in the 160–250HB range.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .157 (1) .107 .107 .079 .009 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 15° Flank 15°	
		SA	Alternative breaker for light cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. Superior chip control at small depth of cuts. Covers copying and back turning with wavy edge. Recommended for workpieces in the 200–300HB range.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .157 .118 .079 .039 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 25°10° Flank 25°013"	
	M Class	SW	Wiper insert for light cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. The wiper allows up to two times higher feed. Wiper design for increased productivity and improved surface finish.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel 157 Guide 1.18 0.039 0.004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 18° 006" 7° Flank 18° 006" 7°	
Light Cutting		SY	First recommendation for light cutting of mild steel Double sided chipbreaker. Effectively controls chips. Recommended for workpieces in the 200–300HB range.	Mild Steel 157 Ge .118 0.079 0.004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 10° Flank 10° 10°	
		C	Alternative breaker for light cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. Can be used at small depth of cuts. The curved edge allows smooth chip discharge.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .157 \$\frac{157}{15},,020 0,004,,012,.020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 12° Flank 12°	
		R/L 1G	Alternative chipbreaker for light cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. Angled chipbreaker controls chip flow. Excellent chip control at low to medium feed rates.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .157 (\$.118 0.079 0.039 0.004 0.12 0.20 f (inch/rev)	Flank 15°	
	G Class	R/L K	Light cutting Double sided chipbreaker. Parallel chipbreaker. Excellent chip control at low to medium feed rates.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .157 \$\vec{1}{\vec{1}{3}}.118 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.079 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.039 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.039 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.039 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.039 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.039 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.032 \$\vec{1}{3}\$.020 \$\vec{1}{3}\$(inch/rev)	Flank 14°	
	M Class	MJ	First recommendation for light cutting of difficult-to-cut materials Double sided chipbreaker. Ideal for heat-resistant alloy and titanium alloy. The sharp edge produces excellent surface finishes. The curved edge allows smooth chip discharge.	Difficult-to-Cut Materials .157 $\widehat{\mathfrak{G}}$.118 \mathfrak{G} .079 \mathfrak{G} .039 \mathfrak{G} .039 \mathfrak{G} .039 \mathfrak{G} .039 \mathfrak{G} .042 \mathfrak{G} .020 \mathfrak{f} (inch/rev)	Nose 13° Flank 9°	

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Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	C	ross Section Geometry	
Light Cutting	G Class	LW	First recommendation for light cutting of difficult-to-cut materials Double sided chipbreaker, Single sided chipbreaker. G class insert tolerance is suitable for workpieces requiring close dimensional tolerances. Ideal for heat-resistant alloy and titanium alloy. The sharp edge produces excellent surface finishes.	Difficult-to-Cut Materials .157 (2) .118 .079 .039 .039 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 13° Flank 9°	
		MP	Alternative breaker for medium cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. Suitable for medium to light cutting. Breaker geometry appropriate for copying and back turning. Good balance of sharpness and strength.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .197 .157 .157 .079 .039 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 15° Flank 11° 008" 11°	
		MM	Breaker with high rake angle reduces burr formation Double sided chipbreaker. Simulation analysis technology assisted in the development of an optimized cutting edge land geometry, preventing plastic deformation and extending tool life.	Stainless Steel .197 .197 .117 .118 .079 .039 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 6° Flank 10° 10°	
Medium Cutting	M Class	GM	Alternative chip breaker for light to medium cutting of stainless steel Double sided chipbreaker. Alternate chip breaker to main chip breakers LM and MM. Excellent notch wear resistance for light to medium cutting.	Stainless Steel .197 (2.157 .118 0.079 0.004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 25° 0.5 15° Flank 25° 0.5 15° 15°	
		MA	First recommendation for medium cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel First recommendation for finish to light cutting of cast iron Double sided chipbreaker. Positive land provides sharp cutting action.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .197 .197 .117 .118 .079 .039 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 22°008" 6° Flank 22°008"	
		МН	First recommendation for medium-heavy cutting of mild steel Alternative breaker for medium cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. Flat land offers high edge strength. A wide chip pocket prevents chip jamming at large depth of cut.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .197 (157 .157 .039 0.004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 010" 16° Flank 16° .014"	
	-	Standard	First recommendation for medium cutting of cast iron Alternative breaker for medium cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. Flat land offers high edge strength.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .197 (5:157 (5:157 (5:079) (5:039) (0:004,012,020) f (inch/rev)	Nose 	
		MW	Wiper insert for medium cutting carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. The wiper allows up to two times higher feed. A wide chip pocket prevents chip jamming.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .197 .157 .157 .109 .039 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 19° 19° Flank 19°	
		MS	First recommendation for medium cutting of stainless steel, mild steel and difficult-to-cut materials Double sided chipbreaker. The sharp edge gives best performance.	Stainless Steel .197 .157 .157 .039 0 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 25° 020" 15° Flank 25° 15° 15°	

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Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	C	ross Section Geometry	
0	ass	R/L ES	Alternative chipbreaker for medium cutting of stainless steel Double sided chipbreaker. Good balance of edge strength and sharpness. Right- or left-hand breaker for unidirectional chip control.	Stainless Steel .197 \widehat{g} .197 \widehat{g} .179 0.004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Flank 15°	
Aedium Cuttin	MCI	R/L 2G	Alternative chipbreaker for medium cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. Parallel chipbreaker controls chip flow. Good chip control for medium feed rates.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel	Flank 14°	
2	G Class	R/L	Medium cutting Double sided chipbreaker. Parallel chipbreaker. Good chip control for medium feed rate.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel . 197 	Flank 14°	
Rough Cutting		RP	First recommendation for rough cutting of carbon and alloy steel Double sided chipbreaker. For interrupted cutting and cutting through scale. Good balance of cutting edge strength and low cutting resistance.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .276 .276 .197 .039 .004.012.020.028 f (inch/rev)	Nose 0.33 3°+	
	lass	RM	First recommendation for rough cutting of stainless steel Double sided chipbreaker. Excellent fracture resistance during interrupted cutting due to the optimum cutting edge land angle and honing geometry.	Stainless Steel	Nose 0.32 3° Flank 0.32 6° 6°	
	MC	GH	First recommendation for rough cutting of carbon steel, alloy steel and stainless steel Double sided chipbreaker. For interrupted cut and removing scale. A combination of wide land and large chip pocket allows high feeds.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel 276 5.197 0.118 0.039 0.004.012.020.028 f (inch/rev)	Nose 18° 	
		GJ	First recommendation for rough cutting of difficult-to-cut materials Double sided chipbreaker. Excellent balance of edge sharpness and strength. Edge geometry with high face wear resistance.	Difficult-to-Cut Materials	Nose 18°006" Flank 18°606"	
Heavy Cutting	lass	HZ	First recommendation for heavy cutting of mild steel and stainless steel Single sided chipbreaker. Appropriate for the lower end of the heavy cutting region. Low cutting resistance due to positive land and curved edge. Teardrop dots improve chip control without increasing cutting resistance.	Mild Steel .551 .551 .079 .008 .024 .039 .055 f (inch/rev)	22°6° Flank 22°6°	
	MC	HX	First recommendation for heavy cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Single sided chipbreaker. Appropriate for the medium range of the heavy cutting region. The flat edge and chamfer, provide a balance of sharpness and strength. Variable land and a wavy chipbreaker for good chip control.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel	23°O17" Flank 21°O20"	

CLASSIFICATION

NEGATIVE INSERTS WITH HOLE



Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	Cross Section Geometry	
		FP FP	First recommendation for finishing carbon steel and alloy steel Chip breaker peninsula controls chips even at small depth of cut. Maintains the edge strength at the corner and prevents sudden fractures.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel 118 118 079 0.004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	
Finish Cutting	M Class	FM	First recommendation for finishing stainless steel Chip breaker peninsula controls chips even at small depth of cut. Maintains the edge strength at the corner and prevents sudden fractures.	Stainless Steel .118 .118 .079 .079 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	
		FV	First recommendation for finishing carbon steel, alloy steel, mild steel and stainless steel Suitable for low depth of cut and feed rate applications. Sharp cutting edge and low resistance design provide excellent cutting performance.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel	
	G Class	FJ	Finishing difficult-to-cut materials The curved cutting edges support changes in cutting depth-smooth chip discharge and disposal. The high rake angle is highly suitable for finishing diffcult-to-cut materials.	Difficult-to-Cut Materials Nose 118 118 079 0 004 008 012 016 f (inch/rev) Flank 14° Flank	

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CLASSIFICATION

TURNING INSERTS

Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	С	Cross Section Geometry	
		FP	First recommendation for finishing carbon steel and alloy steel Chip breaker peninsula controls chips even at small depth of cut. Maintains the edge strength at the corner and prevents sudden fractures.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .118 .079 .039 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	6° (Flank	
	M Class	FM FM	First recommendation for finishing stainless steel Chip breaker peninsula controls chips even at small depth of cut. Maintains the edge strength at the corner and prevents sudden fractures.	Stainless Steel	6° 6° Flank	
		FV	First recommendation for finishing carbon steel, alloy steel and mild steel Sharp cutting edge and low resistance design provides excellent cutting performance. Suitable for low depth of cut and feed rate applications.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .118 .079 .079 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 18°	
Finish Cutting		FJ	First recommendation for finishing difficult-to-cut materials The curved cutting edges support changes in cutting depth and allow smooth chip discharge and disposal. The high rake angle is highly suitable for finishing diffcult-to-cut materials.	Difficult-to-Cut Materials	Nose 14° 14° Flank 14°	
		FJ-P	Finishing titanium alloy Ideal for aluminum and copper. The sharp edge produces excellent surface finishes. The curved edge allows smooth chip discharge. The polished insert face prevents built up edge.	Titanium alloy .118 .079 .079 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 14° 	
	ass	AZ	First recommendation for aluminium alloy The high rake angle and 3D curved cutting edge provides sharpness at the cutting point. Additionally the 3D shape of the rake face enables excellent chip control. The polished insert face prevents built up edge.	Aluminum Alloy .157 \$\frac{15}{15}.118 .079 0.039 0.004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Flank 30°	
	00	R/L F	Finishing carbon steel and alloy steel Angled chipbreaker controls chip flow. Sharp cutting edge provides excellent surface finishes.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel	Flank 17°	
		R/L	Finishing Angled chipbreaker. Excellent chip control at low feed rates.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .118 .079 .039 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Flank	

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Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	С	Cross Section Geometry	
			First recommendation for light cutting of carbon and alloy steel Sharp cutting edge due to a high rake angle. Prevents chip welding on cutting edge and controls cloudiness of surface finish. Chip breaker peninsula matched to depth of cut capability provides excellent chip control.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .118 .079 .039 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 18° Flank 8° ≠	
			First recommendation for light cutting of stainless steel Sharp cutting edge due to a high rake angle. Prevents chip welding on cutting edge and controls cloudiness of surface finish. Chip breaker peninsula matched to depth of cut capability provides excellent chip control.	Stainless Steel .118 .079 .039 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 18° Flank 8°	
	M Class	SV	Alternative chipbreaker for light cutting of carbon steel, alloy steel, mild steel and stainless steel The double breaker design promotes chip control in mild steel and low depth of cut machining applications.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .118 .079 .039 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 18° Flank 8° +	
Light Cutting		SVX	Light cutting of carbon steel and alloy steel Breaker geometry appropriate for copying. Excellent chip control.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel (118 (118 0.079 0.039 0.039 0.004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 18° Flank 8°	
		SW	Wiper insert for light cutting of carbon steel, alloy steel, mild steel and stainless steel The wiper allows up to two times higher feed. Positive land improves sharpness.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .118 .079 .039 0.004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 20° 12° Flank 16° 8°	
		R/L SS	Light cutting for Swiss type lathe machining The parallel chipbreaker. Excellent chip control at low feed rate.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel	Flank	
,	G Class	E C	Light cutting of difficult-to-cut materials Ideal for heat-resistant alloy and titanium alloy The curved cutting edges support changes in cutting depth-smooth chip discharge and disposal. The high rake angle is highly suitable for finish- light cutting difficult- to-cut materials.	Difficult-to-Cut Materials 157 $\begin{array}{c} 157\\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	13° Flank 9°	
		MJ-P	Light cutting for titanium alloy Ideal for aluminum and copper. The sharp edge produces excellent surface finishes. The curved edge allows smooth chip discharge. The polished insert face prevents built up edge.	Titanium alloy .157 (2) .118 .079 0 .004 .012 .020 f (inch/rev)	Nose 13° Flank 9°	
Medium Cutting	M Class		First recommendation for medium cutting of carbon and alloy steel Small, flat, land at cutting edge provides an excellent balance of wear and fracture resistance. The wide chip gullet decreases cutting resistance, reduces vibration and chip jamming in elevated depth of cut applications.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel .118 .079 .079 .004 .008 .012 .016 f (inch/rev)	Nose 0.1 Flank 18° 18° 0.1	

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7° POSITIVE INSERTS WITH HOLE



Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	Cross Section Geometry	
	M Class	FV	First recommendation for finishing carbon steel, alloy steel, mild steel and stainless steel Suitable for low depth of cut and low feed rate applications. Sharp cutting edge and low resistance design achieves excellent cutting performance.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel Nose	
Finish Cutting	G Class	R/L FS	First recommendation for finishing carbon steel, alloy steel, stainless steel, cast iron and aluminum alloy Small angled chipbreaker. For precision finishing. Sharp cutting edge produces excellent surface finishes.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel 118 118 079 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
-	M Class	R/L F	Finishing carbon steel and alloy steel Angled chipbreaker controls chip flow. Sharp cutting edge produces excellent surface finishes.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel .118 .079 .079 .09 .004.008.012.016 f (inch/rev)	

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11° POSITIVE INSERTS WITH HOLE



Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	Cross Section Geometry	
lloy		R/L	For aluminum cutting Angled chipbreaker. Sharp cutting edge produces excellent surface finishes.	Aluminum Alloy 118 5 0.079 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Aluminum A	G Class	R/L F	For aluminum cutting Angled chipbreaker. Sharp cutting edge produces excellent surface finishes.	Aluminum Alloy 118 $\overline{g}_{0.079}$ $\overline{g}_{0.039}$ $\overline{g}_{0.004,008,012,016}$ f (inch/rev)	
For /		R/L	For aluminum cutting Parallel chipbreaker. Sharp cutting edge produces excellent surface finishes.	Aluminum Alloy 157 158 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	

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NEGATIVE INSERTS WITHOUT HOLE



7° POSITIVE INSERTS WITHOUT HOLE



Application	Tolerance	Breaker Name and Picture	Features	Cross Section Geometry	
Finish Cutting	G Class	R/L	Finishing A parallel chipbreaker. Good chip control for low to medium feed rates.	Carbon Steel-Alloy Steel 118 50 0,009 0,004,008,012,016 f (inch/rev) Flank 15° Flank	
Light to Medium Cutting	M Class	Standard	Light to medium cutting of carbon steel, alloy steel and stainless steel Standard, general purpose chipbreaker.	Carbon Steel Alloy Steel	
st Iron	M Class	Flat Top	Heavy cutting of cast iron Flat top. Most effective for unstable machining due to high edge strength and stable insert clamping.	Cast Iron 118 107 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
For Ca	G Class	Flat Top	For cast iron Flat top. Most effective for unstable machining due to high edge strength and stable insert clamping. Use on workpieces requiring close tolerance inserts.	Cast Iron $\underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} \cdot .118 \\ \overline{g} \\ 0.079 \\ \overline{g} \\ \cdot .039 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ $	